

Attempt the following questions

Time 3 hours

- 1- The spherical region $r < 2.0$ is filled with electric charge of uniform density $q_v = 2 \text{ nC/m}^3$. Determine:
 - a- The total charge inside the region.
 - b-The electric field at the points A (0,1,0) and B (0,4,0).
 - c- The voltage difference between points A and B.
- 2- A parallel plate capacitor is made of two perfectly conducting square plates 50 mm on a side separated by 10 mm. A slab of sulfur of relative dielectric constant $\epsilon_r = 4$ and thickness 6 mm is placed on the lower plate, leaving an air gap of 4 mm thick between it and the upper plate. If the lower plate is at 0 voltage and the upper one at voltage 20 V, find the electric field E, the electric flux density D, and the polarization P in each region. Determine also the charge density on each plate and the total energy stored between the plates.
- 3- Write Laplace's equation in cylindrical coordinates (r, ϕ, z) .
A coaxial line has an inner conductor of radius $a = 2.0 \text{ mm}$ and an outer conductor of radius $b = 4.0 \text{ mm}$. The region $2.0 < r < 4.0$ between the conductors is filled with a dielectric of $\epsilon_r = 2.25$. By solving Laplace's equation, determine the potential and electric field distributions in the space between conductors. Show that the capacitance per unit length of the line is $C = 2\pi\epsilon / \ln(b/a)$, where $\epsilon = \epsilon_0 \epsilon_r$. If a two-layer dielectric is used such that: $\epsilon_r = 2.25 \quad 2.0 < r < 3.0, \quad \epsilon_r = 4.0 \quad 3.0 < r < 4.0$, find the capacitance per unit length.
- 4- An infinitely long thin wire on the z axis carries a current of 10 mA in the z-direction. Find the magnetic field H at the point (0,1,0). If a short wire of length dL is placed parallel to the z axis through the point (0,1,0) and carries a current 5 mA in the z-direction, what will be the force on this short wire? Is the force between the two wires attractive or repulsive?
The half space $z > 0$ is air while the region $z < 0$ is filled with a ferrite material for which $\mu_r = 64$. If $H = 4 a_x + 5 a_y + 3 a_z \text{ mV/m}$ in air, find H and B in the ferrite material.
- 5- An electron starts motion at the origin with a speed $v_0 = 2 \times 10^6 \text{ a}_y \text{ m/sec}$. A uniform magnetic field parallel to the z axis and with flux density 5.0 mWb/m^2 exists in the region. Describe the electron trajectory through the field. What would be the path if an electric field $E = 20 \text{ a}_z \text{ kV/m}$ were present?
- 6- Write Maxwell's equations in differential (point) form. Using these equations, show that in free space E satisfies the wave equation $\nabla^2 E = \mu\epsilon \partial^2 E / \partial t^2$.
A certain microwave transmitter produces a uniform plane wave in free space having a wavelength 0.12 m. The power density is $10 \times 10^{-6} \text{ W/m}^2$. Determine the frequency, the phase shift constant, and the rms values of the electric and magnetic fields. When this wave propagates through a dielectric material, its wavelength is reduced to 0.06 m. Determine the phase velocity in this material and its dielectric constant ϵ_r .